Islamic Fasting during Ramadan will Negatively Impact on Pandemic of COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2)

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ABSTRACT

The aim of this review is to prove Islamic Fasting during COVID-19 pandemic has negative effect on the spreading of the virus. Basically Water makes up about 60% of one's body weight. Fasting in Islamic religion is to stop drinking and eating any kinds of food/drinks (Water). even a little amount is forbidden during this month (Ramadan) and the duration is almost 29-30 days. In this review, we have mentioned the impact of fasting in causing Organ/Cellular inflammation, dehydration, dampen cellular/body metabolism which reduces producing enough ATP by mitochondrion through citric acid cycle (CAC) which causes body and organ weakness, dizziness, tiredness and reduction in immune system functioning of the body and increasing the amounts of Reactive Oxygen Species in cells that increasing the possibility of contamination the fasted individual to several important diseases. Infectious diseases including microbial/viral diseases, high abnormal heart rate as a result of falling blood volume which put high pressure on heart and worsen heart disease. The humidity and temperature of the environment in spring time is also help spreading viruses including SARS-CoV-2. Based on evidences in this article, Islamic Fasting during the pandemic of COVID-19 will increase the rate of contaminated people.

KEYWORDS

COVID-19, Islamic Fasting, Dehydration, Cellular Inflammation, Immunodeficiency, Water, Histamine, Nerve damage.

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Introduction

Islamic Fasting Explanation

Fasting from sunrise to sunset is obligatory for all adult Muslims who are not acutely or chronically ill, travelling, elderly, pregnant, breastfeeding, diabetic, or menstruating (1). The predawn meal is referred to as suhur, and the nightly feast that breaks the fast is called iftar (2,3). Although fatwas have been issued declaring that Muslims who live in regions with a midnight sun or polar night should follow the timetable of Mecca (4). It is a common practice to follow the timetable of the closest country in which night can

be distinguished from day (5-7). The spiritual rewards of fasting are believed to be multiplied during Ramadan (8). Accordingly, Muslims refrain not only from food and drink, but also tobacco products, sexual relations, and sinful behavior (9-10). Devoting themselves instead to prayer, recitation of the Quran (11-12), and the performance of charitable deeds as they strive for purity and heightened awareness of God. During fasting, people are limited to drink water, and kinds of food. This period is from sunrise to sunset (Which at least 8-10 Hours and mostly 15 Hours) for at most 30 days (13-14).

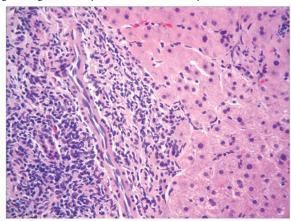
Discussions

The main reasons which influences the enhance of epidemic of SARS-CoV-2 during Islamic fasting are: Dehydration (Due to not eating water in a long period of time) of the body and specially cells, reducing the metabolism of the body which is controlled by mitochondria in eukaryotic cells, reducing the immune system function due to tiredness and malnutrition. Over-Praying during Night/Day time which also cause dizziness, nerve damage and lack of sleep period which cause negative impact on immune system (15).

The dehydration process is essentially compounding itself and producing inflammation throughout the body. The body is constantly building itself up and breaking itself down that is a continual cycle. Every cell has its own lifecycle, it is born, dies and is replaced. Inflammation is cytotoxic or can kill cells prematurely. Cellular death is a major contributor to the chronic medical conditions. Dehydration inhibits the effectiveness of one's lymphatic system and allows cellular waste products to linger and create further havoc. Research has found dehydration to have a negative effect on one's brain and can contribute to the development of depression and nerve damage (16). The brain consumes vast amounts of glucose that is delivered via the blood supply. (17). Dehydration affects the amount of overall blood volume that in return affects the brain. Mild to moderate dehydration can also cause headaches, diminish memory and impair one's ability to think clearly. Proper hydration is essential for nerve function throughout the body. Nerves are sensitive and the body places a high priority to their health and maintenance. Once a nerve dies, there is no re-growth within the central nervous system. Micro streams exist along the length of the nerves and transport nutrients along microtubules to where the messages are being transmitted. Dehydration can disrupt these messages, often resulting in the sensation of pain, fatigue, low energy, loss of muscle strength and poor endurance (18).

Histamine is a neurotransmitter that plays a significant role in encouraging water intake during periods of dehydration (19). Elevated levels of histamine can also impact and contribute to asthma, depression and chronic pain (20). These conditions are often treated with anti-histamines and painkillers that essentially turn off signals of thirst. Water makes up about 60% of one's body weight which cannot be neglected in chronic dehydration (17-20). Chronic inflammation and dehydration during Islamic Fasting can alter one's metabolism and promotes immunodeficiency. The brain and kidneys regulate the amount of water excreted by the body. When the blood volume is low through dehydration, the brain responds by stimulating a hormone that signals the kidneys to reabsorb and recirculate water. When the overall blood volume falls and the blood pressure falls. Low blood pressure is a leading cause of dizziness (21). A rapid heart rate is also a sign of dehydration. The heart rate increases in attempts to maintain and elevate blood pressure. COVID-19 is flagged rejects by one's immune system and they are marked for destruction. Dehydration reduces the overall volume of blood and lymphatic fluids that are integral in a healthy immune system response. Dehydration and inflammation cause

further impairment of one's immune system and can contribute to what's called autoimmune diseases (37). If an individual has an autoimmune disease, own immune system attacks healthy cells by mistake. Often, the first symptoms of an autoimmune disorder are fatigue, muscle aches and a low fever which happens during Islamic fasting. Hunger is a major side effect of dehydration as well (22-35).



Inflammatory Cell During Dehydration

Out of a total water volume in our body of approximately 50 liters (It accounts for 50-70 percent of body weight), we lose at least 2 liters of water a day from normal daily body maintenance (36). Water losses via the skin can range from 0.3 liters per hour in sedentary conditions to 2.0 liters per hour in high activity in the heat. Water intake requirements range from 2.5 liters to slightly over 3 liters per day in adults under normal conditions, and can reach up to 6 liters per day in extremes of heat and activity (37). Simply sitting in a hot climate can cause the body to lose at least 5 liters of water per day. Dehydration appears to have a negative impact on physical performances that are longer than 30 seconds in duration. Exercise performance is impaired even when an individual is dehydrated by as little as 2% of body weight. Even though there is no significant negative impact on tasks lasting less than 15 seconds in duration, a state of proper hydration is suggested to be maintained during all physical activities (38).

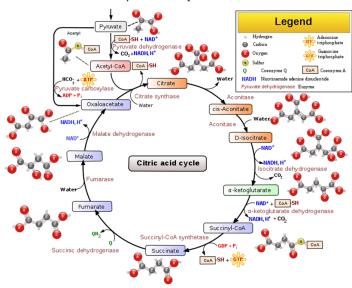
Histamine formation and release is directly connected to the concentration and viscosity of internal solutions (39-40). Pain results from local chemical changes in the area surrounding the nerve. When water is not present to clear the cellular metabolic waste, it builds up injuring the surrounding tissues. Histamine release can also because symptoms associated with asthma and allergic reactions (41-44).

Dehydration Dampen Metabolism and Chronic Inflammation

Proper metabolism is dependent on chemical reactions that critically depend on water. The flow of water through the cell membrane and mitochondria creates energy that is stored in the form of adenosine triphosphate (ATP). The hydrogen and oxygen molecules from water (H₂O) are used by an enzyme called ATP Synthase to convert the ADP to ATP (45). The mitochondria produce less ATP if there is less intracellular water (46). When a cell does not have enough energy to repair itself, the cell breaks down or ruptures. When it ruptures, enzymes are released that

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cause inflammation and damage to adjacent cells and tissues (47). Water is important for clearing out toxins, otherwise chronic inflammation develops within the cells which eventually spills over into the blood vessels and the rest of the body. (45-47) All above statements can be briefly shown in picture (2):



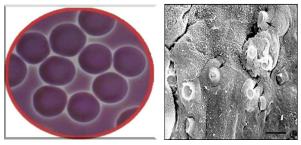
Picture 2: Citric acid cycle.

Low Glucose and water intake during Islamic Fasting contribute to citric acid cycle (CAC) or TCA cycle (tricarboxylic acid cycle) and Acetyl-CoA malfunction since Acetyl-CoA is a molecule that participates in many biochemical reactions in protein, carbohydrate and lipid metabolism. Its main function is to deliver the acetyl group to the citric acid cycle to be oxidized for energy production and reducing the ATP and enough energy for the cell to act properly.

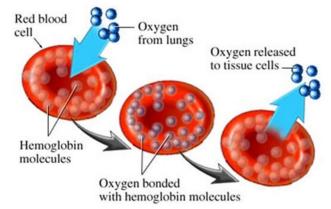
Dehydration can cause high blood pressure

The renin-angiotensin system is activated to retain water and promote the absorption of salt in the presence of dehydration. It also tightens the capillary beds and overall vascular system until all tissues are well-hydrated. Tightening the vessels increases the pressure within the vessels resulting in a condition known as hypertension. With any stress, the body uses water to break down protein, glycogen, and fats to create energy. If there is pre-existing kidney damage, the kidneys have to work harder to filter the blood which causes greater kidney damage. If this process continues over years, the result can be kidney failure (48).

■ A picture of a hydrated cell and a dehydrated cell



Picture 3: Hydrated Blood Cell and Dehydrated Blood Cell.



Picture 4: Possible Causes of High or Low Red Blood Cell Count. Islamic Fasting decreases the blood count, reducing oxygen absorption and oxygen releasing to tissue cells (16-18).

Conclusion

The main reasons which influences the enhance of epidemic of SARS-CoV-2 during Islamic fasting are: Dehydration (Due to not eating water in a long period of time) of the body and specially cells, reducing the metabolism of the body which is controlled by mitochondria of eukaryotic cells, Dehydration causes inflammation and increasing ROS and RNS in human cells and cause immunodeficiency. Dehydration also releases Histamine formation that directly connected to the concentration and viscosity of internal solutions. Pain results from local chemical changes in the area surrounding the nerve. When water is not present to clear the cellular metabolic waste, it builds up injuring the surrounding tissues. Histamine release can cause symptoms associated with asthma and allergic reactions. Dehydration makes the mitochondria produce less ATP if there is less intracellular water. When a cell does not have enough energy to repair itself, the cell breaks down or ruptures. When it ruptures, enzymes are released that cause inflammation and damage to adjacent cells and tissues. The renin-angiotensin system is activated to retain water and promote the absorption of salt in the presence of dehydration. It also tightens the capillary beds and overall vascular system until all tissues are well-hydrated. Tightening the vessels increases the pressure within the vessels resulting in a condition known as hypertension. Dehydration reduces the overall volume of blood and lymphatic fluids that are integral in a healthy immune system response. Overall. Islamic Fasting lower metabolism, causes immunodeficiency, asthma (due to Bohr Effect) and allergic reactions which makes the individual contaminate COVID-19 faster and easier. Islamic Fasting is not recommended during the pandemic of SARS-CoV-2.

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